

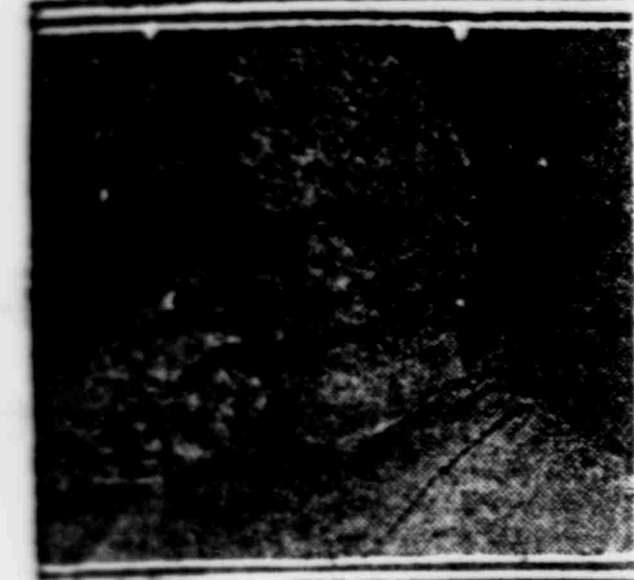
CARDINAL SARTO IS LEO'S SUCCESSOR

New Pontiff Takes the Name of Pius X.

MACCHI MAKES ANNOUNCEMENT.

Troops on Duty at St. Peter's Lined up and Presented Arms—New Pope Appeared on Balcony of Basilica and Blessed the People.

Rome, August 5.—Cardinal Macchi, secretary of apostolic briefs, announced to the crowd assembled before St. Peter's that Cardinal Sarto had been elected pope and that he had taken the name of Pius X.



POPE PIUS X.

The troops on duty immediately lined up on the piazza and presented arms. At 10 minutes after 12 o'clock this afternoon Pope Pius X appeared inside the balcony of the Basilica and blessed the populace, amid the acclamations of the enormous crowd assembled upon the piazza.

While Prince Chigi, the master of the conclave, was drawing up the official part of the election and acceptance of the newly elected pope, the latter, surrounded by his friends, disappeared into a small room near the altar, where he donned, with, who can say, what feelings of triumph and humility, the white robes of his office. Pius X was assisted by his conclavist, who first knelt and kissed his master's hand, and thus received the first apostolic blessing given by Pius X.

Attired All in White.

The new Pope was attired all in white with the exception of red shoes, which were quite regular, but he did not stop to remove the red cardinal's stockings for the white papal ones, and these showed as he raised his gown to move forward. When he was quite alone, the secretary of the conclave, Mgr. Merry Del Val, kneeling, offered him the papal white cap, amidst breathless silence. He did not follow the precedent created by Pope Leo, who declined to give his red cap to the masters of ceremonies, as a sign that he would soon be created a cardinal, but with a slight smile, Sarto took the white cap, placed it calmly on his head and dropped the red one lightly on the head of Mgr. Merry Del Val amidst a murmur of approval.

As the new pontiff stepped from behind the altar the only touch of color about him being his red and gold shoes, he really seemed to be the embodiment of his holy office. His face was pale and clearly softened by emotion. He paused a moment, as he came before the expectant cardinals, then seated himself on the throne, with a hurried movement at though he had suddenly grown weak. With his back to the altar he was enthroned to serve the so-called "first obedience" of the cardinals. They came forward, one by one, some calm and smiling, others sober and non-committal, while still others found considerable difficulty, even at this hour, in concealing their too obvious disappointment.

Cardinals Salute New Pontiff.

All knelt and kissed his hand and foot, while he saluted each on the cheek with the kiss of peace. Then all broke into the "Te Deum" with such effect that scarcely an eye was dry.

Pius X then rose and in a voice at first tremulous, but gradually becoming full and firm, administered the papal blessing to all of the members of the sacred college. It was received with bowed and uncovered heads.

The fisherman's ring, not yet having been found, a new one designed by Camerlingo Oreglia was placed on the pontiff's finger as a symbol of renewed power, an evidence that the Catholic church has once more a sovereign head.

Sarto bore himself with becoming dignity and gave no outward sign of exultation in this, the supreme moment of his life.

In the meanwhile masons and carpenters had been busy breaking down the bricks and doors so that cardinal deacons, together with the master of ceremonies and the conclavists and many others, might proceed to the balcony of St. Peter's. The populace, waiting in the piazza had already, at 11:30 o'clock, seen the tiny thread of smoke, almost transparent, which warned them what to expect, so that when the windows on the balcony slowly opened and the great gleaming cross was seen, the excitement and impatience heightened to the extreme.

Slowly Cardinal Macchi, secretary of the congregation of apostolic briefs, advanced and exclaimed in a loud voice:

"Annuntio vobis gaudium magnum habemus papam eminentissimum ac reverendissimum dominum cardinalem Joseph Sarto, qui sibi imposuit nomen

Pium XI"

Bells Tell News to World.

Then the bells of St. Peter's boomed out as did those of all the churches of Rome, giving the news to the world.

After a short rest, imposed by the fatigue following the emotion caused by his election, the new pontiff joined his court in the Ducal Salon, for the solemn benediction which he was about to give to the people of Rome.

Although to ordinary eyes the confusion was as great as ever, to those practiced in the mysteries of the Vatican order was coming out of chaos, and the bearing of all in the presence of the pope was much more formal. The babel of voices sank at his approach, while none addressed him unless he spoke first.

The formal salutations having terminated, a procession was formed. In the center was the pontiff in his white robes, his figure standing out above those surrounding him, his silver hair gleaming under his white cap. He was surrounded by the cardinals still in their violet robes and preceded by the pontifical cross, the jewels of which flashed as though they also triumphed in Sarto's success, while the conclavists and prelates seemed really jubilant in their joy and satisfaction.

The procession traversed many noble halls until it approached the window looking into St. Peter's. From below rose a murmur of voices, which, although subdued by distance, denoted the presence of a large concourse of people. The pope was seen to grow pale and then turning to Cardinal Macchi, who stood beside him, he said:

"Now, I understand the emotion Pope Leo always showed when going into St. Peter's to have the eyes of a great crowd focussed on him. It is almost terrifying."

Standing forward in the window, the others having fallen back, he deliberately controlled himself and looked across the great Basilica. Crossing himself, Sarto raised his hand, and in a voice palpably tremulous, he said, as soon as the cries from below gave an opportunity:

"Auditorium nostrum in Homine domini."

To this came in reply from thousands of voices the cry:

"Qui fecit coelum et terram."

In a thrilling voice the pope responded:

"Sicut enim domini benedictum!"

Then raising himself to his full height and leaning forward as much as possible he intoned:

"Benedicat vobis omnipotens deus" etc., which called forth such applause that several minutes elapsed before the pontiff could retire. He then drew back and the procession reforming, turned to the Ducal hall.

The moment of leaving the window Pius X turned to Mgr. Biletti, who happened to be beside him, and said:

"I shall never again feel just the same emotion."

SKETCH OF SARTO.

Born in 1835—Is Man of Slightly Character.

Rome, August 5.—Cardinal Giuseppe Sarto was born in Riese, province of Venice, July 2, 1835. He was created cardinal and patriarch of Venice June 12, 1893. He was very learned in the ecclesiastical doctrines; is modest, energetic, a good administrator and organizer, a patron of the arts and his seriousness always has been proverbial. Early in April Pope Leo, in a conversation with Father Perosi, the Italian composer, said, in speaking of Cardinal Sarto:

"Hold him very dear, Perosi, as in the future he will be able to do much for you. We firmly believe he will be our successor."

He has been known for many years as one of the greatest preachers in the church.

Cardinal Sarto belonged to the ecclesiastical congregation of bishops and regulars, sacred rights, indulgences and sacred relics. He enjoyed great popularity in his diocese. He is honored by all for his purity, for his strict uprightness of his life and liberal ideas. He is a modest and agreeable man, highly cultivated, very kind hearted, and still strong and robust in spite of his 63 years. He has never taken great part in the political and public life of the church, but divided his time between study and good works. Although most faithful to the holy see, he was presented to the king and queen of Italy in Venice. He was considered among the more liberal members of the Italian episcopate and sacred college. It is said that Leo XIII sided with him on one occasion when Sarto disapproved of Ramolla's policy.

ANIMAL ODDITIES.

Birds never eat fireflies and really seem to shun their vicinity.

North American reindeer usually select an old doe for their leader.

The temperature of a swallow's body is extraordinarily high, no less than 112 degrees F.

Cats and beasts of prey reflect fifty times as much light from their eyes as human beings.

The average lake trout lays 6,000 eggs each season, and the whitefish a greater number.

The female English viper does not lay eggs. She hatches them internally and brings forth her young alive.

Parrots are usually vegetarians, though the Kea parrots of New Zealand have developed a fondness for sheep.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

Many Bills Are Passed by Lower House at General Assembly.

Atlanta, Ga., August 5.—The house did a little bit of all sorts yesterday.

The convict question was set as a special order for today immediately after the reading of the Journal, and it is hoped the house will finally dispose of the measure at that time.

A new game law was passed. Rather it is a compilation of the present game laws of the state with several important amendments, including protection for summer duck, marsh hens and other game birds which have not heretofore been taken into consideration.

Another interesting measure which went through provides for a register of all posted lands to be kept in the office of the ordinary, such register to be considered as notice to all parties proposing to hunt, fish or otherwise trespass.

The resolution appropriating \$2,000 to obtain copies of important colonial records relating to Georgia which exist only in London, and the resolution authorizing the state treasurer to transfer pension money from one pension fund in which there is a surplus to another in which there may be deficit, were both passed.

Again the house refused to entertain the proposition looking to the appointment of a steering committee. The members opposing the steering committee think the plan puts too much power over the business of the house in the hands of the speaker. Only the calendar, therefore, will have the right of way unless certain measures are taken up and made special orders.

The following new bills were introduced in the house:

By Mr. Stovall, of Chatham—To prevent the adulteration of medicines or articles of food or drink in the state.

By Mr. Alford, of Worth—To incorporate the town of Isabella, in Worth county.

By Mr. Mitchell, of Thomas—To amend the charter of the town of Boston, in Thomas county.

By Mr. Beachamp, of Butts—To abolish the board of commissioners of roads and revenues of Butts county.

In the Senate.

The senate held a short session yesterday, but when it adjourned the desk was clear of business. Some house bills of general interest, and two senate bills were passed. The bill to abolish "days of grace" in Georgia, which had passed the house, was perhaps the most important of the general measures considered. As there was some little opposition to this the roll was called. The bill passed by a vote of 23 to 3.

The bill of Mr. George, of Morgan, amending the act "to make it unlawful for any person to employ or contract with, as tenant or cropper, any person under contract with another," came upon third reading.

Senator Atkinson explained the purpose of the bill to be to recognize verbal as well as written contracts. He said this relief was necessary to planters, and he hoped the bill would be passed.

The bill passed without opposition.

LIST OF DEAD REACHES EIGHT.

Five Men Have Died Since Sunday Night.

Chattanooga, Tenn., August 5.—

The death list resulting from the head-end collision between two freight trains on the Cincinnati Southern railroad Saturday night between Cumberland Falls and Greenwood, has grown to eight, five men having died since Sunday night. The following is a revised list of the dead, with their homes:

Engineer T. S. Duke, Salisbury, N. C.
Fireman D. A. Phillips, Eanoke, Ala.
Fireman John Prince, Salem, Ala.
Fireman Joseph Walters, Somerset, Ky.

Fireman Frank Fletcher, Glen Mary, Tenn.

Eugene Simpson, brakeman, Somerset, Ky.

Two unknown men, who got on the extra freight at Greenwood.

Walter Powers, brakeman, Somerset, Ky., was seriously and perhaps fatally injured. Engineer N. S. Fitzgerald was seriously injured.

Tobacco Warehouses May Combine.

Washington, August 5.—Negotiations are in progress between the Louisville Tobacco Warehouse company, controlling all save one of the local warehouses, and the Continental American combines whereby it is expected the two combines will, in the future, concentrate their buying operations at Louisville and Cincinnati warehouses. A committee representing the Warehouse company recently had a conference with the officers of the two combines, but would put a stop to cut-throat competition between the Louisville and Cincinnati warehouses. The arrangement would put the Louisville and Cincinnati Warehouse people in control of the raw leaf market.

Washington Notified of Election.

Washington, August 5.—The Washington government was advised of the election of the new pope by the following cablegram received from Mr. Idlings, the American charge d'affaires at Rome: "Cardinal Sarto is elected pope; age, 63."

BOER LANGUAGES.

The Different Kinds of Dutch Spoken in South Africa.

It seems a strange thing to say, but there are three Dutch languages in South Africa. The earliest Dutch settlers at the Cape were largely Dutch sailors and others belonging to the lower orders of Amsterdam, Rotterdam and other Dutch seaports. Their language was a low Dutch dialect to begin with, and although the sprinkling of Dutch officers at the Cape did their best to preserve the language of the Netherlands they could not prevent the dialect of the settlers from still further degenerating into a mere colloquial patois. Its degeneration was doubtless largely brought about by domestic servants and slaves—Hottentots, Malays and Mozambique Kaffirs—who spoke it very imperfectly and introduced into it many strange words and idioms. This, then, is the genesis of what is variously known as "Cape Dutch," "Kitchen Dutch," "Patriot Dutch," "Afrikaans" and "Afrikander Taal." Its basis is Dutch, but the nouns have lost their declensions and the verbs their conjugations, while grammatical gender and syntax generally have gone by the board. To the educated Hollander of today it is a literary atrocity, and he cannot away with it, but to the Afrikander it is his mother tongue, the language of his home and his childhood, the exponent of all that he knows of humor and pathos. It is full of expressive idioms, like those so dear to the lowland Scot, and yet it is not a language, for it has no literature.

The second of the three Dutch languages referred to might be called "ecclesiastical Dutch," or, if you like, "Afrikander Dutch." It is the language of Holland as that language was written about 200 years ago. It is the language of the Dutch Bible and very much resembles our own authorized version in its simplicity and directness of style. It is the language of the Dutch psalm and Gesang books and of the devotional works of old Dutch divines, which make up the balance of the Dutch farmers' literature. In it are also written many tracts and a few devotional works by living ministers of the Dutch Reformed church. To the Boer wherever you find him it is the language of his church and of his religion. This is the Dutch language which the leaders of the Dutch Afrikander party are determined to preserve. It is never spoken by Afrikanders among themselves, however, and it is never written grammatically by them in their correspondence. The Boer has no fear that his "Huis-taal," Cape Dutch, will die out, but fears that his children will forget or neglect to learn the language of his church and of his forefathers.

The third Dutch language might be called modern literary or "high Dutch"—that is, the language written and spoken by educated Hollanders of today. It is florid, involved in construction and very artificial in style as compared with the language of the Dutch Bible. Its pronunciation has also changed considerably in the interval, and even an educated Dutch speaking Afrikander listening to a voluble Hollander can hardly make head or tail of what he is saying.—Scotsman.

A Legend About Cats.

The ancient Greeks thought that all creatures except cats had souls and that that animal lost its soul through a bargain made between a bridge architect and the devil. The architect had besought the devil to get his help in constructing an exceedingly dangerous bridge structure, and his Satanic majesty only consented to lend aid on condition that the first creature to cross it should lose its soul.

This was agreed upon, the bridge finished in due time and the devil sent to the opposite side to await his prey. The shrewd architect took good care to send a cat over before any human being was allowed to cross. On learning of the bargain the cat recrossed the bridge and scratched the architect's eyes out.

After Dinner Oratory.

The fake humorous speaker has an easier career than even the fake eloquent speaker. Yet at any given dinner the orator who passes out mere elocution to his hearers has a success almost as instant and splendid as his clowning brother. It is amazing what things people will applaud when they have the courage of each other's ineptitude. They will listen after dinner to anything but reason. They prefer also the old speaker to new ones; they like the familiar taps of humor, of eloquence. If they have tasted the brew before, they know what they are going to get. The note of their mood is tolerance, the expected; not tolerance of the novel, the surprising. They wish to be at rest, and what taxes their minds molests their intellectual repose. They do not wish to climb any great heights to reach the level of the orator.—W. D. Howells in Harper's.

Killed Brother with a Chair.

Greenville, S. C., August 5.—Griffin and Bud Pack, brothers, who live just beyond the city limits on the Chick Springs road, became involved in a fight over a trivial matter. Bud dealt his brother a heavy blow over the head with a chair, from the effects of which he died in about two hours. Shortly after the fight Bud Pack ran, but was arrested near Taylor's station. He is now in the county jail.

Bank Notes For Redemption.

Washington, August 5.—National bank notes received today for redemption \$698,502. Government receipts from internal revenue, \$313,111. Customs \$988,133; miscellaneous \$121,000. Expenditures \$1,310,000.

Contagious Blood Poison

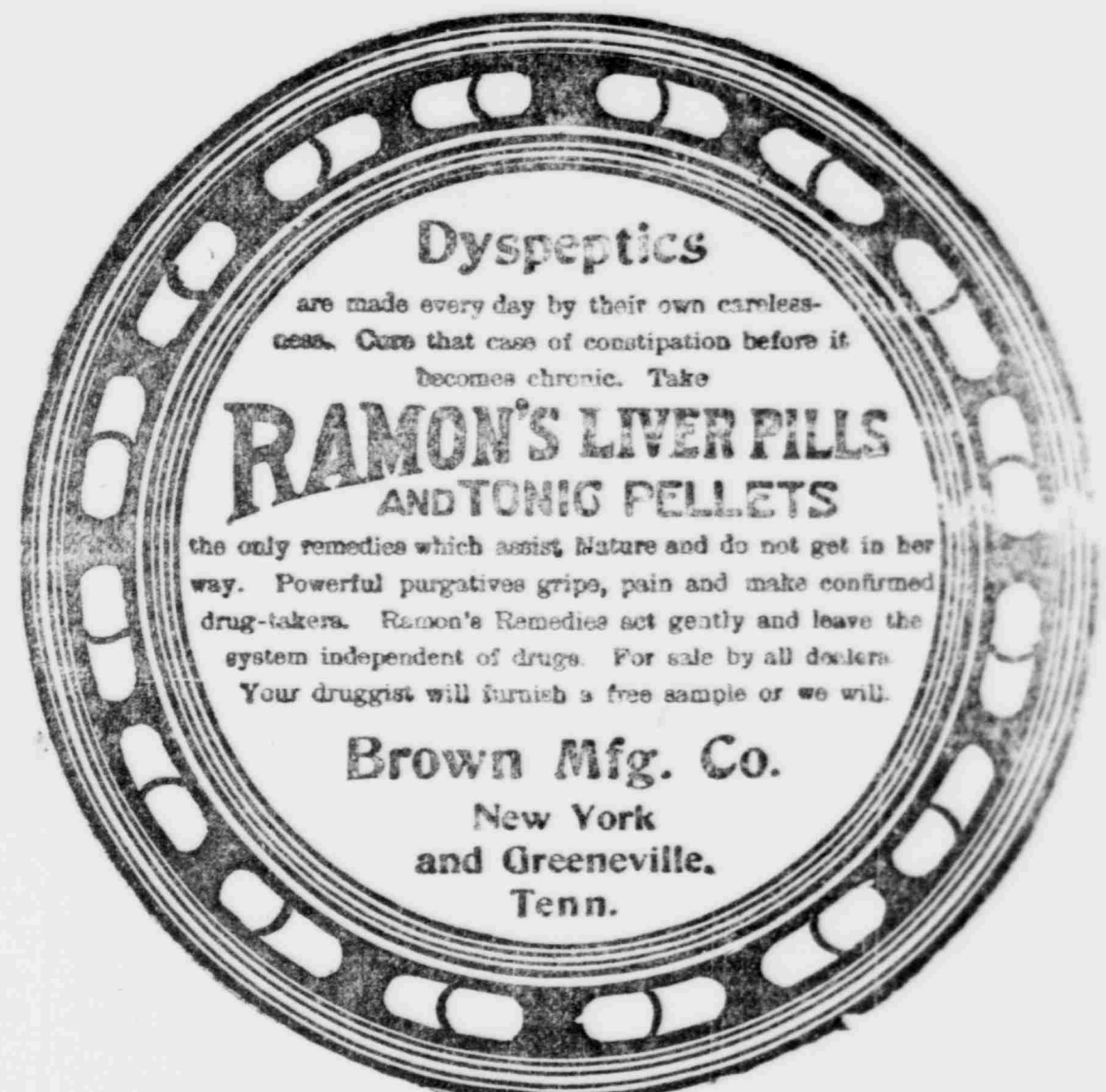
Is the name sometimes given to what is generally known as the BAD DISEASE. It is not confined to dens of vice or the lower classes. The purest and best people are sometimes infected with this awful malady through handling the clothing, drinking from the same vessels, using the same toilet articles, or otherwise coming in contact with persons who have contracted it.

It begins usually with a little blister or sore, then swelling in the groins, a red eruption breaks out on the body, sores and ulcers appear in the mouth, the throat becomes ulcerated, the hair, eye brows and lashes fall out; the blood becoming more contaminated, copper colored spots and pustular eruptions and sores appear upon different parts of the body, and the poison even destroys the bones.

S. S. S. is a Specific for this loathsome disease, and cures it even in the worst forms. It is a perfect antidote for the powerful virus that pollutes the blood and penetrates to all parts of the system. Unless you get this poison out of your blood it will ruin you, and bring disgrace and disease upon your children, for it can be transmitted from parent to child. S. S. S. contains no mercury or potash, but is guaranteed a strictly vegetable compound.

Write for our free home treatment book and learn all about Contagious Blood Poison. If you want medical advice give us a history of your case, and our physicians will furnish all the information you wish without any charge whatever.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



POST OFFICE DRUG STORE, OCALA, FLA.

Making Advertising

Pay

- * One drop of water does not make the ocean
- * One grain of sand will not make a shore
- * One feather does not make a bird
- * One leap will not make a frog

IT IS ALL THE BEST—

And so it is with most things in life, and especially is it true that one advertisement will not make you a successful advertiser. Lay out a line of publicity and put it in

THE OCALA BANNER.

That Will Pay

ESTABLISHED 11 YEARS.

HANNE BROTHERS' CASH MAIL ORDER HOUSE Wholesale Liquor Dealers.

Authorized Bottlers and Wholesale Dealers in Wm. J. Lemp Brewing Co's St. Louis Beer.

1246-1258 Adams St. - - - Jacksonville, Fla.

PRICE LIST UPON APPLICATION.

A. E. DELOUEST, HARDWARE.

Sash and Doors, . .



Farming Tools, . .

Ready Mixed Paints Etc.